

MEDICAL ATTENDANCE RULES

The Andhra Pradesh Integrated Medical Attendance
Rules, 1972

1. Short title :--These rules may be called the "Andhra Pradesh Medical Attendance Rules, 1972.

2. Extent of Application :-(a) They shall extend to the whole of the State of Andhra Pradesh.

(2) These rules also apply to persons who are entitled to medical attendance under the Secretary of State Services (Medical Attendance) Rules, 1938, the All India Services (Medical Attendance) Rules, 1954 and also to the Andhra Pradesh State Higher Judicial Officers who are to be treated on par with the I.A.S. and I.P.S. Officers, but only to the extent to which they are not inconsistent with these rules. .

3. Definitions :- In these rules unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context -

(1) "Government Servant" means a whole time Government Servant employed under the Government of Andhra Pradesh and includes such servants employed under State Governments with whom reciprocal agreements in respect of medical attendance have been entered into, but does not include part time or honorary workers ;

(2) "Hospital" means a Government Hospital and includes any Special Hospital in the State or any other Medical Institution recognised by the Government.

Note :-Non-gazetted Officers and Employees of the local bodies drawing salaries not exceeding Rs. 300 per mensem in the greater Hyderabad city are permitted to take treatment for their families in the Maternity and Child Welfare Centres of the Corporation of Hyderabad only in emergencies and get reimbursement of the expenses incurred by them, the emergency being certified as such by the Medical Officer in charge of the Centre;

(3) "Registered Medical Practitioner" means a person registered under the Madras Medical Registration Act, 1914 adopted to Andhra State; and the Andhra Ayurvedic and Homoeopathic Medical Practitioners' Registration Act, 1956 and the Medical Act No. 1 of 1312 Fasli of the erstwhile Hyderabad Government;

(4) "Authorised Medical Attendant" means a Medical Officer attached to the Government Hospital or Dispensary in the State who has been nominated by the Government, from time to time, to Serve as Authorised Medical Attendant for the State Government Servants ;

[A list of Authorised Medical Attendants, appointed by the Government is given in Appendix I to these Rules.]

(5) "Patient" means a Government Servant or any member of his family and to whom these rules apply and who has fallen ill ;

(6) "Station" means the town or place in which the Government Servant and other entitled person falls ill ;

(7) "Family" :- (a) In the case of a male Government Servant, family means his parents, wife, legitimate children including an adopted son and step Children residing with and wholly dependent on him ;

(b) In the case of a woman Government Servant it means her parents, husband and children residing with and wholly dependent on her.

(i) The word 'wife' includes more than one wife.

(ii) The claims for reimbursement of expenses in respect of parents should be accompanied by declaration in the proforma given below.

Proforma

I, (full name and designation) hereby declare that my father/mother.....has no property or income of his/her own and that he/she is wholly dependent on me.

Signature and date.

(iii) A married daughter who is under the protection of her husband does not come within the definition of "family" for purposes of these rules.

(iv) The deserted, divorced, or widowed daughters who are residing with entirely dependent on the Government Servants and Employees of local bodies drawing salaries not exceeding Rs. 300 per month are eligible for medical concessions allowed to Government Servants under these rules.

(v) Their family for purpose of these rules will include adoptive parents who are wholly dependent on the Government Servants but does not include the real parents, though they are wholly dependant on the Government Servants once the adoption is effected]. [G.O.Ms.No. 123, Health, Dt. 25-11-76 & G.O.Ms.No. 718, Health, Dt. 18-7-1975]

(vi) Medical reimbursement bills of the Member of the State Legislature can be presented directly to the District Treasury or Sub-treasury as the case may be, from which they are authorised to draw their salaries; on the basis of essentiality certificate issued by the Authorised Medical Attendant without insisting for the countersignature of the District Medical and Health Officer, or Superintendent as the case may be.]

[Inserted by G.O.Ms.No.418, H&M, Dt. 26-6-1979]

(8) "Well-to-do-person" means a person who is in receipt of an annual income of Rs. 1,200 or more or who is a member of the family of such a person and actually dependent on him.

4. Medical Attendance :- (1) Medical Attendance in respect of a Government Servant whose pay is not less than Rs. 500 p.m. means :-

(i) Attendance in a hospital or at the consulting room of the Authorised Medical Attendant or at the residence of the Govt. Servant;

(ii) All pathological, bacteriological, radiological and other methods of examination for the purpose of diagnosis, as are available in any Government Hospital within the State and are considered necessary by the Authorised Medical Attendant ;

(iii) Any consultation with a Specialist in Government employ within the State or other Medical Officer similarly in Government employ within the State or that the Authorised Medical Attendant may certify to be necessary to such extent and in such manner as the Specialist or Medical Officer in consultation with the Authorised Medical Attendant, determine.

(2) Medical Attendance in respect of any other Government Servant, means-

(i) Attendance at a Government Hospital or at the consulting room of the Authorised Medical Attendant or in case of illness which compels the patient to be confined to his residence, at the residence of the Government Servant;

(ii) All methods of examination for purposes of diagnosis that are available in the nearest Government Hospital.

(iii) Any consultation with a Specialist or other Medical Officer stationed in the State that the Authorised Medical Attendant may certify to be necessary, to such extent and in such manner as the Special Officer may, in consultation with the Authorised Medical Attendant, determine ;

(3) There will be cases of not infrequent occurrence in which, it will be proper for the medical officer to visit the Government Servant in receipt of salaries under Rupees one hundred at their residences. The Government trust to the good sense and good feeling of the medical profession in preference to laying down any precise rules for such cases.

(4) It should be distinctly understood that a medical officer will not be expected to attend a Government Servant at his residence unless the patient is unable to wait upon the medical officer either at the latter's residence or his consulting room or till such time as may be appointed by the Medical Officer for the purpose ;

(5) Medical Officers who are Authorised Medical Attendants to the Government Servants, should not charge any consultation or other fees from the Government Servants for the Medical Attendance rendered to them.

5. Medical Treatment :-Medical Treatment means use of all medical and surgical facilities available at the Government Hospital in which the patient is treated and includes :-

(1) Employment of such pathological, bacteriological, radiological or other methods of investigation, etc., as are considered necessary by the Authorised Medical Attendant ;

(2) Supply of such medicines, special or ordinary vaccines, sera or other therapeutic substances as are ordinarily available in Government Hospitals in the State ;

[Note :-Wherever a Government Servant consults an Authorised Medical Attendant/ Specialist in the latter's consulting Room and medicines were prescribed, the Medical Officer of the Secretariat Dispensary is authorised to issue medicines to the Government servant and their families of the prescriptions given by the Authorised Medical Attendant, Specialist although they are not attached to the Secretariat Dispensary. In case the medicines prescribed by the Authorised Medical Attendant/Specialist are not available even at the Secretariat Dispensary, the Government Servants may purchase the medicines outside and get the amount spent thereby reimbursed later as per rules. The Medical Officer, Secretariat Dispensary, is not ordinarily bound to purchase and supply the medicines. He will, however, stock all the necessary medicines in the dispensary to meet the requirements.] [Added by G.O.Ms.No. 1274, M.&H. (K1), Dt. 29-12-1978]

(3) Supply of such medicines, vaccines, sera or other therapeutic substances as are not ordinarily available in Government Hospitals as the Authorised Medical Attendant may certify in writing to be essential for the recovery or for the prevention of deterioration in the condition of the patient.

(i) The refund of the cost of preparations which are not medicines but are primarily foods, tonics, toilet preparations or disinfectants is not admissible under the rules. Prescription of expensive drugs, tonics, laxatives or other elegant and proprietary preparations for the use of Govt. Servants and members of their families when drugs of equal therapeutic value are available in hospital and dispensaries is prohibited. List of items for which refund is not admissible under the Medical Attendance Rules are given in Appendix II.

(ii) Sales Tax paid by Government Servants while purchasing special medicines from the market is refundable under the Rules. Packing and postage charges paid by Government Servants for purchasing special medicines from out-stations are not refundable.

(iii) All claims for refund of expenses incurred on account of the purchase of the special medicines should be preferred in the

manner indicated in Appendix III.

[Note :-Bills for small amounts upto Rs. 157- at a time need not be countersigned by the Authorised Medical Attendant. In such cases, Essentiality Certificate should specifically mention the names and quantum of medicines required. Also, that certificate should be marked as cancelled while the bill is submitted so that it cannot be used again.]

[Added by G.O.Ms.No. 1274, M.&H. (K1), Dt. 29-12-1978]

(4) Treatment of confinement cases of a Government Servant and includes prenatal and post-natal treatment.

Note :- The pre-natal and post-natal treatment can be had at the Government Medical Institutions in the State where facilities are available and where no such facilities are available the case should be referred to the concerned nearest Government specialist by the Authorised Medical Attendant. These treatments should be treated as "other treatment" for which a woman Government Servant or the wife or other members of a male Government Servant are entitled. (G.O.Ms.No. 1466, Health, Dt. 31-8-1965)

(5) Such accommodation as is ordinarily provided in the Hospital and is suited to the status of a Government Servant with reference to his pay as indicated below :-

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|---|--|
| (i) Government Servants drawing Rs. 500 and above p.m. | "A" class ward. In case accommodation in "A" class ward is not available "A-2" class ward. (single rooms with/without attached Bath-room). |
| (ii) Other Government Servants drawing Rs. 250-499 p.m. | "B" class ward (cement or wooden partitioned cubicles). |
| (iii) Government Servants Rs. 100-244 p.m. | "C" class ward (curtained drawing cubicles). |
| (iv) Government Servants drawing below Rs. 100 p.m. | General ward. |

(G.O.Ms.No. 1382, Health, Dt. 9-4-1964)

(6) Such nursing as is ordinarily available provided in the hospital and is suited to his status and includes such special nursing as the Authorised Medical Attendant may certify in writing to be essential for the recovery or for the prevention of serious deterioration in the condition of the Government Servant.

If at all a Government Servant requires extra nursing he may engage an attendant at his own cost.

(7) Such diet as is ordinarily provided to other patients in the hospital.

Note :-This concession is applicable only to the Non-Gazetted Officers and Employees of local bodies drawing pay not exceeding Rs. 300 and members of their families.

(8) Blood transfusion service.

(9) Provision of ambulance service wherever necessary for the transport of the patient to the Hospital.

Note (1) :-Charges paid to hospital, ambulance or to the ambulance of a social service organisation (if there is no ambulance attached to the local Government Hospital) are reimbursed on production of a certificate from the medical attendant that the use of ambulance was necessary. (G.O.Ms.No. 1466, Health, Dt. 31-8-1956)

Note (2) :-[The cost of artificial limbs, hearing aids, corrective glasses, artificial teeth and invalid chairs, charges are reimbursable to the eligible patients who are entitled to the facilities for sanction of medical reimbursement].

(Subs, by G.O.Ms.No. 175, H.M. & F.W., Dt. 7-3-1990 w.e.f. 1-3-1990)

Note (3) :-Under Rule 5 (9) cost of pace marked and its replacement charges are reimbursable. (G.O.Ms.No. 502, Health, Dt. 8-8-1978)

6. Persons entitled to free medical treatment :- (i) The following persons are entitled to free medical attendance :-

(a) All Government Servants under the rule making powers of the Government of Andhra Pradesh subject to the conditions specified in these rules, Government Servants are entitled to free medical attendance irrespective of whether they are on duty or on leave, anywhere in the State.

(b) Employees of the Local Bodies (Zilla Parishads, Municipalities, Panchayat Samithis and Panchayats) drawing salaries not exceeding Rs. 3007- p.m.

The Employees of Zilla Grandhalaya Samsthas drawing pay not exceeding Rs. 3007 - p.m. are eligible for free medical attendance in the Government Hospitals in the State.

(G.O.Ms.No. 915, Health, Dt. 8-7-1975)

Note (1) :-Families of Government Servants and Employees of Local Bodies drawing pay not exceeding Rs. 3007- p.m. are eligible to free medical attendance and the rules shall apply mutatis mutandis to them as they apply to the Government Servant himself.

(2) All the N.G.Os. and members of Local Bodies drawing pay not exceeding Rs. 300/- p.m. and members of their families when

admitted to State Government Medical Institutions are exempted from payment of diet charges and the entire cost of special and expensive drugs administered to them.

(3) Employees of Local Bodies who are drawing more than Rs. 300 p.m. as they will be treated as members of the public and charges collected from them as per rules.

(4) Law Officers viz., (Advocate-General, State Prosecutor, State Counsel, Government Pleader and Public Prosecutor), President, Chairman and Members of Local Bodies, Reserve Bank of India and Currency Officers and Retired Government Servants are not entitled to free medical attendance.

Note :-These rules are applicable to the Local Bodies Employees who are drawing pay not exceeding Rs. 300/-. (G.O.Ms.No. 699, M.& H, Dt. 23-7-1976)

(c) Members of the State Legislature.

(d) Village Officers and Servants.

(e) Officers of the Hind Kusht Nivaran Sangh working in Government Medical Institutions.

(f) Honorary Medical Officers, House Surgeons and House Physicians employed in Government Hospitals in the State, Students of Government Medical Colleges in the State, Nurse Pupils, Auxiliary Nurse-Midwives and Health Visitors undergoing training and Gramsevak Trainees.

Note :-Students in Medical Colleges include also the students undergoing courses in such colleges, such as Sanitary Inspectors, Auxiliary Health Workers, etc.

(g) Persons appointed under emergency provisions in the posts carrying a fixed or time scale of pay, only so long as they continue in service during the period of their treatment in a Government Medical Institution.

(h) Retired and re-employed pensioners (Gazetted and Non-Gazetted), (i) Government Servants under suspension.

(j) Menials in the service of both the Government and Local Bodies who are paid from contingencies on monthly basis.

(k) The work-charged establishment of all departments. Note \- Casual and daily paid workers are not eligible for free medical aid.

(1) The staff employed in the Office of the State Welfare Advisory Board, Hyderabad and the Welfare Extension Projects in the districts drawing a pay not exceeding Rs. 300 p.m. and their families will be given the same privileges in respect of medical attendance, treatment and accommodation including the diet charges and administration of special and expensive drugs as are allowed to the employees of local bodies drawing pay not

exceeding Rs. 300 p.m.

(m) The disabled personnel from the Defence Services will be given free treatment including diet and specialised treatment in the general wards of Government Hospitals irrespective of their income.

(n) Sportsmen representing the State of Andhra Pradesh in Inter-State tournaments at Government expenses, shall be entitled to the privileges under Rule 10 of the Chapter on par with State Government Servants.

Note :-If any such personnel are admitted in A, B and C class wards or in other special wards, the usual charges should be levied, but the Government will be prepared to consider the grant of concessions in individual cases on the recommendation of the Director of Medical and Health Services.

(a) Telangana System of giving free treatment to the patients in General wards is extended to all Government Hospitals in the State.

(G.O.Ms.No. 80, Health, Dt. 24-1-1976)

(b) All Freedom Fighters who are drawing pension either from State Government/Central Government/Union Territory Administration in respect of their income and their dependants are eligible for free medical treatment and accommodation in Government Hospitals on par with members of the Legislature.

(G.O.Ms.No. 652, M.&H., Dt. 8-7-1976)

(ii) Rulers of the Merged States and their families and their personal staff:-

(a) The rulers of the Merged States and their families will be treated on par with the members of the Secretary of State Services for purposes of free medical attendance and treatment and the provisions of the Secretary of State Services (M.A.) Rules, 1938 except those relating to travelling allowance and reimbursement of any cost incurred in respect of the medical advice obtained by them will apply to them.

(b) The personal staff of the Rulers of the Merged States and their families will be given the same privileges in respect of medical attendance, treatment and accommodation as are allowed to Government Servants under the rule-making powers of the Government.

7. Arrangements for Free Medical Attendance :- (1) All Government Servants and other entitled personnel are eligible for free medical attendance in the Government Hospitals in the State and to the extent specified in Rule 4 above.

(2) Persons entitled to treatment free of charge in any hospital, shall produce before the hospital authorities an identification certificate signed by the Department or by a Gazetted Officer

dealing with establishment matters or by the Head of the Office in which they are working in the following form :-

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

Identification Certificate

Name of the Officer/Official.....

Designation.....

Accommodation to which the
Officer/Official is entitled
in Government Hospital.....

Station -:

Date :

Signature and Designation the Head
of the Department/Office

In emergency cases the above certificate will not be insisted upon at the time of admission, but the same should be produced within a period of one week.

(3) In any station where there may be an Assistant Surgeon and where there may not be proper hospital accommodation, the duty of such officer should be to attend at their own residence. The Upper subordinate grades of Government Servants including clerks whose appointments are not gazetted the latter paying conveyance hire should they reside more than two miles from the official residence of the medical attendant. If the distance is such as to entitle the medical officer to travelling allowance, the amount is payable by the Government. Should the case be reported as serious the Civil Surgeon will visit the patient.

(4) The Medical Officer employed in the following classes of Institutions should render free medical attendance to Government Servants at the stations where there are no Government Medical Institutions-

(i) Local Fund and Municipal Institutions for which a percentage contribution is given towards the pay of medical officers employed therein.

(ii) Local Fund and Municipal Medical Institutions in respect of which the Government meet one half of the annual maintenance charges.

(iii) Local Fund and Municipal Taluk Headquarters Medical Institutions in respect of which the Government meet the entire or a portion of the salaries of Government Medical Officers employed in them.

(iv) In places where there are no Government Hospitals, but where there are local fund or private hospitals, or dispensaries, the

Non-Gazetted Officers and Employees of the Local Bodies drawing less than Rs. 300/- per mensem and their families may take treatment straightaway in such institutions and that the expenditure as incurred by them in that connection including the cost of special and expensive drugs purchased by them on the prescription of the doctor in charge of the institution, be reimbursed subject to the production of relevant vouchers and subject to the scrutiny of the relative bills by the authorised medical attendant.

At places where there are no Government or Non-Government Medical Institutions, Non-Gazetted Officers and Employees of Local Bodies drawing less than Rs. 300/- per mensem and their families may avail themselves of the services of local private doctor in emergencies where there is no sufficient time for them to go to the nearest Government Medical Institution. The expenditure incurred by them in that connection will be reimbursed to them subject to the production of relevant vouchers and subject to the relative bills by the District Medical Officer concerned and to his certifying that the amount claimed is reasonable and expenditure incurred was necessary. In non-emergent cases, the entitled personnel serving in places where there are neither Government Medical Institutions nor Non-Government Medical Institutions should go to the Government Medical Institution or the Non-Government Medical Institution at the nearest station for treatment.

(G.O.Ms.No. 208, Health, Dt. 9-2-1955)

(v) (a) The N.G.Os. and the Employees of Local Bodies in stations where there are no Government or Non-Government Medical Institutions who seek treatment in an emergency, under Local Private doctors should in addition to the essentiality certificate from the private doctors produce a certificate in the form given hereunder from the nearest authorised medical attendant immediately after they are in a fit condition to travel to the nearest authorised medical attendant who will judge whether the essentially certificate issued by the local private doctor in such cases is a genuine one or not.

"I certify that there are no Government or Non-Government Medical Institutions available in the village.....of.....Taluk".

"I also certify that I examined the patient (Name)..... (Designation).....(Department)..... and consider that the case in question is an emergency one requiring immediate treatment under a local private doctor."

Signature of authorised
Medical Attendant.

(b) The local private Registered Medical Practitioner should prescribe the drugs contained in the lists in Appendix IV as far as possible.

(G.O.Ms.No. 1585; Health, Dt. 21-9-1956)

8. Free of charges :- (1) A Govt. Servant shall be entitled free of charges :- (i) to treatment-

(a) in such Government Hospital, at or near the place where he falls ill as can in the opinion of the authorised medical attendant, provide the necessary and suitable treatment, or

(b) if there be no such hospital as is referred to in sub-clause (a), in such hospital, other than a Government Hospital, at or near that place as can, in the opinion of the authorised medical attendant, provide the necessary and suitable treatment,

(ii) to anti-rabic treatment at the nearest Government Hospital providing such treatment.

(2) Where a Government Servant is entitled under sub-rule(1) free of charge, no treatment in any hospital any amount paid by him on account of such treatment shall on production of a certificate in writing by authorised medical attendant in this behalf be reimbursed to him by the Government.

9.(1) If the authorised medical attendant is of the opinion that owing to the absence or remoteness of a suitable hospital or to the severity of the illness, a Government Servant cannot be given treatment as provided in clause (1) of Rule 6, the Government Servant may receive treatment at his residence.

(2) A Government Servant receiving treatment at his residence under sub-rule (1), shall be entitled to receive towards the cost of such treatment as he would have been entitled, free of charge, to receive under these rules; if he had not been treated at his residence.

(3) Claims for sums admissible under sub-rule (2), shall be accompanied by a Certificate in writing by the authorised medical attendant stating-(a) his reasons for the opinion referred to in sub-rule (1) ; (b) the cost of similar treatment referred to in sub-rule (2).

10. Treatment outside the State but within India :- (1) A Government Servant and other entitled personnel in or travelling on duty, or on leave, in any place in the territory of India outside Andhra Pradesh receives any medical attendance for himself or for the members of his family, any reasonable amount paid by him on account of such treatment shall, on production of a certificate in writing of the medical attendant, be reimbursed to him by the Government.

(2) The Government Servants of this State [and their families] residing outside the State on official work and falling ill or otherwise requiring medical attention should consult and be treated by the "Medical Attendants" authorised to treat the officers of equal rank of that State. For the purpose of these rules, such medical attendants shall be the Authorised Medical

Attendants of the State.
2445, Health, Dt. 16-8-1961)

(G.O.Ms.No.

[Added by G.O.Ms.No. 1274, M&H (K1), Dt. 29-12-78]

[Note :-The Government recognise the All India Institute of Medical Sciences and Wellington Hospital, New Delhi, for treatment of the employees of Andhra Pradesh and the members of their families at New Delhi, and also those visiting New Delhi.]

[Added by G.O.Ms.No. 1274, M.&H. (K1), Dt. 29-12-1978]

(3) For receiving treatment outside the State but in a Government medical institution of that State (on the advice of the Authorised Medical Attendant) prior permission of the Director of Medical and Health Services should be obtained.

(G.O.Ms.No. 1792, Health, Dt. 7-6-1963)

(4) For receiving treatment outside the State but in an institution other than a Government Hospital of that State (on the advice of the Authorised Medical Attendant) prior permission of the Government should be obtained.

10.(A) Treatment for Kidney transplantation and Coronary By-pass Surgery by private hospitals within the State :- (1) The Government servants and other entitled personnel for treatment under the Rules shall be permitted by the Director of Medical Education to undergo Kidney transplantation operation in the Mahaveer Hospital, Hyderabad and Coronary By-pass Surgery in the Durgabai Deshmukh Hospital, Andhra Mahila Sabha, Hyderabad-on the letter of advice given by the Authorised Medical Attendant in the Osmania General Hospital, Hyderabad or the Nizam's Institute of Orthopaedics and Specialities, Hyderabad, respectively where the above operations are done.

(2) The Authorised Medical Attendant in the Government Hospitals mentioned in sub-rule (1) will issue letter of advice only if the said hospital cannot cope with the work load and the treatment of the patients cannot wait till the operations could be performed in the said Government Hospital; and

(3) Those who obtain prior permission of the Director of Medical Education and get admitted to the private hospitals mentioned in sub-rule(1) for Kidney transplantation and Coronary By-pass ^Surgery will be eligible for reimbursement of all admissible expenditure including charges for accommodation and also for an advance as per the estimates given by the concerned hospital undertaking the operation".

(Inserted by G.O.Ms.No. 317, M&H (K1), Dt. 7-5-1986)

11. Consultations with Specialists or Colleagues :- (1) If the authorised medical attendant is of opinion that the case of the patient is of such serious or special nature, as to require medical attendance by some person other than himself or that the patient requires anti-rabic treatment, he may with the approval

of the Director of Medical Services (which shall be obtained before-hand unless the delay involved entails danger to the health of the patients)-

(a) send the patient to the nearest Specialist or other Medical Officer as provided in clause (c) of Rule 2 by whom, in his opinion medical attendance is required for the patient or in the case of anti-rabic treatment, to the nearest place where such treatment is available ; or

(b) if the patient is too ill to travel, summon such specialist or other Medical Officer to attend upon the patient.

(2) A patient sent under clause (a) of sub-rule (1) shall on production of a certificate in writing by the authorised medical attendant in this behalf, be entitled to travelling allowance for the journeys to and from the headquarters, of the Specialist or other Medical Officer or the place where he is sent for anti-rabic treatment.

(3) A Specialist or other Medical Officer summoned under sub-rule (1), shall on production of a certificate in writing by the Authorised Medical Attendant in this behalf, be entitled to travelling allowance for the journey to and from the place where the patient is and also daily allowance according to rules.

12. Travelling Allowance :- (1) T.A. for journeys undertaken under Rule 10 shall be at the rates admissible to a Government Servant when on tour.

(2) A member of the family of a Government Servant shall be entitled to travel by a class by which the Government Servant himself is entitled to travel.

13. Medical Attendance Charges :- (1) Charges for services rendered in connection with but not included in medical attendance on, or treatment of a patient entitled to free medical attendance or treatment under these rules, shall be determined by the authorised medical attendant and paid by the patient.

(2) If any question arises as to whether any service is included in Medical attendance or treatment, it shall be referred to the Government; the decision of the Government shall be final.

14. Treatment under Indian System of Medicines :- The following procedure is prescribed for getting re-imbusement of cost of medicine purchased by the persons entitled to free medical attendance or treatment including State Gazetted Officers when treatment is taken under the indigenous system of medicine either in the Government Institutions or under private doctors :

(1) The bills relating to the modern medicine, if any, prescribed by the Medical Officer in private or local fund institutions or by the private practitioner will be scrutinised by the authorised medical attendant of the entitled persons in cases where the treatment was received, in a local fund or private institution of indigenous medicine and by the District

Medical Officer concerned in cases where the treatment was received from a private practitioner of indigenous medicine.

(2) The bills relating to the indigenous medicine will be scrutinised by the medical officer or officers concerned of the three respective systems of medicine (Ayurveda, Sidha and Unani) employed in the Government Ayurvedic Hospital, Charminar, Hyderabad to be nominated by the Special Officer of the Medicine Department with the approval of the Government.

(3) If the bills relate to both modern and indigenous medicine they will first be scrutinised by the authorised medical attendant, or the District Medical Officer, as the case may be, in regard to the modern medicine, and then by Medical Officers or Officers of the Government Ayurvedic Hospital, Hyderabad in respect of the indigenous medicine.

(4) The claims in respect of treatment under Indian Medicine system be sanctioned by the Special Officer (Indian Medicine Department) after due scrutiny, wherever claims are admissible under rules. (G.O.Ms.No. 105, Health, Dt. 15-1-1963)

Note :- (1) Claims for refund of expenses should be preferred as detailed in Appendix III.

(2) A list of items for which refund is not admissible under the rules is given in Appendix II.

15. Medical Attendance for Honourable Speaker, Deputy Speaker, Honourable Chairman, Deputy Chairman, Ministers, etc., :- (1) A Minister or the Speaker of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly or the Chairman of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council and the Members of his family shall be entitled free of charge, to accommodation in hospitals maintained by the State Government and also to medical treatment and attendance on the same terms and conditions as are applicable to the officers of the Indian Administrative Service under All India Services (Medical Attendance) Rules, 1954.

(2) A Minister or the Speaker or the Chairman and the members of his family shall be required to furnish the certificate prescribed in clause (a) of sub-rule (3) of Rule 8 of the All India Service (Medical Attendance) Rules, 1954 in respect of his claims for re-imburement of the medical expenses allowable under the said rules for treatment at his residence under circumstances referred to in Rule 1 of the said rules.

Explanation :- For the purposes of this rule 'family' means the wife, son, daughter (including a validly adopted son, step-son and step-daughter, father, mother, brother and sister of the Minister, or the Speaker or the Chairman, residing with and wholly dependent on him and not self-supporting relations) but does not include a married daughter or sister who is under her husband's protection.

(G.O.Ms.No. 165, Health, Dt. 3-2-1960 and G.O.Ms.No. 255, G.A.D., Dt. 1-3-1961)

(3) A Minister and the members of his family will be entitled free of charges, to accommodation in hospitals maintained by the State Government and also to medical treatment and attendance on the same terms and conditions as are applicable to the highest category of servants employed under the Government of Andhra Pradesh, the highest category of Government Servants who get the maximum concessions and benefits in the matter of free medical attendance and treatment in Government Hospitals, provided that the Minister and members of this family shall be entitled to the supply of diet free of charge.

(4) The Deputy Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, the Deputy Chairman of the Legislative Council, Chief Whip, Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Regional Committee, the Parliamentary Secretaries, if any, the Members of the Legislative Assembly and Council who do not hold any of the offices referred to in Sections 3-A to 5-A of the Andhra Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications Act, 1953, (Andhra Act III of 1954) and the members of the families of all those mentioned above shall be entitled, free of charge, to accommodation in hospitals maintained by the State Government and also medical treatment and attendance on the same terms and conditions as are applicable to the Gazetted Officers of the State Government.

16. Medical Attendance for very important personages :-Very important personages, if they fall sick during their visit to and stay in Andhra Pradesh should be provided with free medical assistance which should cover apart from treatment which is neither prolonged nor specialised and such as a hospital would ordinarily provide.

(G.O.Ms.No. 2761, Health, Dt. 15-10-1963)

17. Medical Attendance to Members of State Legislature :-Members of the State Legislature and members of their families are eligible for free medical facilities as are given to all Gazetted Officers of the State Government.

They will be accommodated in the paying rooms on par with Grade III Officers (as defined in the Andhra Pradesh Travelling Allowances Rules, i.e., Gazetted Officers drawing pay between Rs. 750 and 1,000) of the State whenever they are admitted for treatment in the Government Hospital in the State.

18. Medical Attendance for Officers of the AH India Services, Andhra Pradesh State on Higher Judicial Officers :-Rule 15 will apply for purposes of "Medical Attendance" on officers of the Indian Administrative and Police Services and their families and officers of the Andhra Pradesh State Higher Judicial Services and their families.

Note :-The Officers of the Andhra Pradesh State Higher Judicial Service will be treated on par with the members of the Indian Administrative and Police Service.

19. Treatment of T.B. :- (1) Rules regulating admission of T.B.

patients in Government T.B. Institutions and other Government Medical Institutions where there are T.B. wards are given in Appendix V.

(2) The following private Hospitals which are in receipt of grants from the State Government are recognised as treatment centres for the Non-Gazetted Officers and Employees of Local Bodies drawing pay not exceeding Rs. 300 P.M. and their families.

(i) The U.M.T.B. Sanatorium, Madanapalle.

(ii) Visrantipuram T.B. Sanatorium, Rajahmundry.

(3) An officer who wishes to enter the institution for treatment and claim reimbursement of the charges from the Government should obtain in advance a certificate from the local District Medical Officer to the effect that his case is one that requires treatment in specialised T.B. Institution.

(4) Ten beds in the U.M.T.B. Sanatorium, Madanapalle and five beds in the Visrantipuram T.B. Sanatorium, Rajahmundry are reserved in the general wards for the treatment of Government Servants and members of their families.

(G.O.Ms.No. 1257, Health, Dt. 24-7-1956)

Note :-In the first instance the entitled person who has to undergo treatment for T.B. should produce a certificate of non-availability of beds in the nearest Government T.B. Sanatorium and that admission against the reserved beds should be sought only through the District Medical Officers of Chittoor and Rajahmundry.

20. Medical Advances to N.G.Os.:-Government Servants (non-gazetted officers) are eligible for advances to meet the expenses on medical attendance and treatment. The grant of advance shall be regulated by the rules given in Appendix VI.

21. Reciprocal Arrangements with other Governments :-The Government of Andhra Pradesh have entered into reciprocal arrangements with the Government of Madras, Mysore and Kerala for free medical attendance and treatment of Government Servants while they are on duty or in transit at the Hospitals of the respective Government, subject to the following conditions :-

(1) Government Servants of any of the States mentioned above will be given free accommodation in class admissible to corresponding category of the employees of this Government, surgical and Nursing services including X-ray examination, radium treatment and such other special examinations as may be necessary in respect of which facilities are available in the Hospital. Special treatment shall also be given free of charge on the advice of the Authorised Medical Attendant.

(2) The Government Servant in question shall, however, be charged for diet (in the case of Gazetted Government Servants) and they shall also have to purchase such drugs as may not be

available in the hospital stores and may claim reimbursement from their parent Government if it is admissible under their rules.

(3) These arrangements have come into force with effect from 29-8-1963 in the case of Madras Government and 1-9-1963 in the case of Mysore Government.

(G.O.Ms.No. 2382, Health, Dt. 31-8-1963 and G.O.Ms.No. 2997, Health, Dt. 5-11-1963)

Note (1) :-The families of Employees of Tamil Nadu are also eligible for the above facilities when they accompany Government Employees who happen to pass through and stay in Andhra Pradesh on reciprocal basis.

Note (2) :-The Government Servants of Andhra Pradesh availing of the facilities in the Medical Institutions in Tamil Nadu are not eligible for T.A.

(G.O.Ms.No. 371, Health, Di;: 6-4-1976)

Note (3) :-Maharashtra State Government Employees are eligible for free Medical Attendance in the Government Hospital of the State on reciprocal basis.

(G.O.Ms.No. 971, M & H, Dt. 11-10-1976)

22. All categories of Government Servants and other entitled persons who are eligible under current rules for reimbursement of expenses on medical treatment within India would be eligible for reimbursement of expenses incurred on medical treatment outside India for which facilities are available in this Country also, subject to the maximum of Rs. 40,000 (Rupees forty thousand only) which includes, air passage of patient and expenditure incurred towards Personal Attendant also.

They are also eligible for the reimbursement of the actual expenditure on such medical treatment where there are no facilities available in the Country. Expenditure on air-passage of the person treated as well as the air-passage of the accompanying personal attendant would also be reimbursed by Government in such cases.

Note :-The Authorised Medical Attendant should certify whether there is need for treatment abroad and prior approval of the Director of Medical Education/Government in Medical & Health should be obtained by the person who wants to secure treatment outside the Country. The expenditure to be reimbursed should be certified by the Director of Medical Education]. [G.O.Ms.No. 170, M.&H. (K1), Dt. 14-3-1985]

Authors' Note :-The ceiling of Rs. 40,0007- has been increased to 50,0007- vide G.O.Ms.No. H.M. & F.W. (K1), Dt. 2-4-92.

APPENDIX I

[Vide Rule 3 (4) of the Rules]

The following Medical Officers are appointed to act as Authorised Medical Attendant for the various State Government Servants and other entitled personnel.

When treatment is obtained under Allopathic or Modern System of Medicine

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. For Government Servants drawing Rs. 500, and above per mensem and Members of the State Legislature and their families. | Any Civil Surgeon or the Medical Officer of equal Status at the station where the patient resides. |
| 2. For other Government Servants and their families. | Any Assistant Surgeon at the station where patient resides. |

Note :- (1) The term "Civil Surgeon and Assistant Surgeon" includes specialist and Honorary Medical Officers of corresponding rank.

(2) At places where there is no Civil Surgeon or any Officer of equal rank, the Assistant Surgeon residing at the place shall be regarded as authorised Medical Attendant for both the categories mentioned above.

(3) At places where there is neither a Civil Surgeon nor an Assistant Surgeon the nearest Assistant Surgeon or Civil Surgeon shall be regarded as Authorised Medical Attendant for both the categories mentioned above. (G.O.Ms.No. 1792, Health, Dt. 7-6-1963)

When treatment is obtained under Indian Systems of Medicine

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. For Govt. Servants drawing Rs. 500 and above per mensem and Members of the State Legislature and their families. | Gazetted Hakims and Gazetted Vaid including professors in the Indian Medicine Service. |
| 2. For other Government Servants and their families. | Senior and Junior Vaid and Hakims of the Indian Medicine Department including senior and junior lecturers in the Indian Medicine Subordinate Service. |

Note :- At places where there is no Gazetted Hakim or Gazetted Vaid, the Senior and Junior Vaid/Hakim residing at the place shall be regarded as Authorised Medical Attendants for both the categories mentioned above.

(G.O.Ms.No. 3290. Health, Dt. 12-1-1963)

APPENDIX II

List of Inadmissible Medicines
under Allopathic System of Medicine

A

Antiphlogi sting/Plaster
Aletris Cordial
Aspirin/Soluble/Tablets
Antiseptic Dusting Powder
Asoka, Vintone with/Cordial/
Compound/Cordial & Hormone
Asokavin/Asokalettris/Asokh
Ovarian Asavin/Asvan
Ovarian
Asavin/Asvan
Alcophiogistin
Alkas Eptal
Adical
Adjudet
Agretonicum/Ague Tonicum
Anto's Compound
Alopex Ointment
Alopex Tablets
Alvite/Capsules
Alvite Drops
Apaivite
Asmoplan
Antismat
Antechlor
Allistan Tablets
Aurinol Ear Drops
Anapolon Oxymetolone Tablets
Alcophenicol
Actilex Cough Syrup
Ademin Compound
Amfac Granules
Acilose Vaginal
Compound
Auralcain Ear Drops
Ancoloxin Tablets
Antihist Expectorant
Atropin
Acigel Vaginal Jelly
Anticongestin
Armolage
Anterline Cream
Asthma Nerrin Solution/Relief Powder
Avittemide Powder
Argentex
Aletris Elixir
Atomiser Rubber Bulb & Cover
Agres Tonic
Anacin
Algan Ointment

Aligipan Cream
Aikocitris
Antical Lotion
Alcohol
Acrifivin Lotion
Anteiflamin
Alkaline Citrate
A & D Vitamin Massage Oil
Aletritone
Amosan/Mouth Wash/Powder
Acimit
Algocratine Cachets
Allantoin
Allochrysine Suppositories
Anaardone Solution
Angioxyl
Antaiby Tablets
Antoxylin
Anti-Haemophylia Principle
Acriflex
Alka-Cip Tablets
Alka Seltzer
Alkia Saltraters
Allcook's Porous Plaster
Aimakal
Anadin Tablets
Analax Pastilles
Andrew's Liver Salts
Anestan Asthma Tablets
Angier's Emulsion
Anti-Kamnla Tablets
Ashton & Parson's Infants' Powder
Askit
Argusol
Alkasol 'C'
Anticirhos Tablets
Alkanant with Vit C.
Akin Malt
Aloes Compound
Aletrina
Anne French Cream
Abzol Powder
Aiopex Lotion
Albosang
Acid Glyceropepsin B-I
Antibactrin
Alkasin/T.F.
Anol Ointment
Alkacitrate Granules
Acid Salicylic Cold Cream/Powder
A & D Pearls
Antifule Tablets
Ayazol
Adrenaline Tablets
Adrenapax
Anklozid
Acid Carbolic

Adhesive Plaster
Arseno Typhoid Vaccine
Air Rings
Amorphos
Astergum
Aruna Utebin Tonic
Antiseptic Cream
Argentum 'Osool'
Atkison & Barker's Infants
Preservative A & D Pearls
Abdominal Binder
Aeri Flame
Agream
Antirabic Vaccine
Acecolex

B

Bi Glycero Pepsin
Brush
Bi Agarol
Buck fast Tonic Wine
Biphlogistine
Broom Liquid C Nebuliser
Bishop's Citrate of Lithia
Bendial Solution/Benedicts Solution
Bisuroids Laxative Tablets
Blair's Gout & Rheuma Tic Pills
Bonchi Oil
Box of Nutrotone
Bidelco
Benzocin Lozenges
Burnol
Belladonna Pigment
Brewer's Yeast Syrup
Bio-Sal
Bi-Chlorobutol Inhalant
Borofax
Boldine Houde Tablets
Burgoyne's Lodised Sarsaparilla
Biomim Syru
Brood Peroolator
Betalyzin
Bacte Dysenter 1 phage
Bacte-Intesti-Phage
Bacte-Rhino-Phage
Bacte-Pyo-Phage
Bacte-Staphy-Phage
Benecardin
B-TEX Ointment
B. Neurophos Elixir
Bhustab
Biochlor Tablet
Boric Rectified Spirit
Biosodol Rulves
Broven Inhaler
Brooklex Tablets
Bacte-Coli-Phage

Bis-U-Mint Ovals
Bisurated Magnesia
Bisurated Magnesia Tablets
Bidel Compound
Blanchard's Female Pills
Binzoyl Perexide Wolley
Bioglan
Balsamic Emulsion
Barkers Biquid of Life
Bates & Go's Compound Breast Salve
Baxen Powders
Baxen Tablets
Beecham's Cough Pills
Beecham's Lung Syrup
Bynadol Liquid
Bertzyme
Biogen
Becantex
Bronchinson Cough Syrup
Becophos
Brover Inhalent
Botonin Liquid
Borax Honey
Bairns
Boimage Paste
Bopoline
Bioplex Forte
Bishop's Varalettes Vichy salts
Blanchard's Female pills
Blinblow's Female Pills
Batlin Complex
Beg Vaccine
Bencard Allergy Remes
Blue Lion Fox Nuts (Shadfbirth's)
Bowden's Indian Balm
Box's Herbal Ointment
Bragg's Prepared Vegetable Charcoal
Beecham's Powders
Beltona Lotion
Bescorbon Medicinal Snuff
Bilas Pills
Bilson's Laxative Cleanser
Bishop's Natural Fruit Saline
Breege's Stamulating Ointment
Brocast Inhalant
Bunter's Nervine
Burgress Lion Pills
Bristayclin Pedatric Drops
Barley Peral
Breastpump
Banalon
Benaifet
Bio Malt
B.D. Min Elixir
Blinblow's Asthama Cure
Blinblow's Eucalyptus & Stramonium Cigarettes
Bonomint Laxative Chewing Gum

Bow's (DR) Liniment
Box's Indigestion Pills
Breecham's Pills
Beltona Antjuritic Tablets
Beltona Ointment
Betalax Drops
Bile Beans
Birley's Antacid Powder
Bishop's Varalentes
British Sra Crystal Salts
Bromo-Saltzer
Burgress Lion Ointment
Buxton Rubbing Bottle
Barley
Bottle Feeder
Bepron
Beconex
Baby Oil
B.D. Vine

C

Calciba Syrup
Germicide
Calvimac
Chicken Essence
Cough Syrup
Calcium Vitamin Syrup
Carbonal Tablets
Catgut
C.T.L. Compound
Chloromex Syrup
Comitone Elixir
Candinets
Calci-K Tablets
Cefral
Cohist
Cetavatione Powder
Corlisone
Collosal Argentum Nasal Drops
Combadex Cream
Calei Lacto
Cordial Asaka
Cusi-Ophtalmoloses
Loretinbesmuthic
Noviform
Vitaminic
Clasmiun Dearl
Cordiazol Dicodid
Cremiffm
Cotton
Cacton Glucose
Crulivex
Cough Mixture Syrup, Sandoz
Crook's Capsules
Calcium Cascinate Powder
Charcoal Tablets

Crook's Dandruff Lotion
Cystone Tablets
Cathetens
Corl Tar
Calcigenol
Citadel Fira Calcium with Vitamin C Tablets
Carsule Dutrain Cunberan
Collosal Argentum Ophthalmic Salvimag
Croy Calcium
Cinerela Maritima Succur
Iodo-Rubidi-Calcium
Nizin
Subl Mine
Castophene Tablets
Calsalettes Tablets
Carter's Little Neve-Pills
Cassell's (D.R.) Tablets
Castellan No.1 Cough Mixture
Castorets
Collosol Cup Um Orthalmic
Cardone Drops
Cholphytone Dragees & Drops
Cal-D-Min
Corvason Eye Lotion
Carbindon Mild
Colydeltra
Corvasymoton Eye Wash
Clarke's Blood Mixture (Tablet Form)
Clarke's Glycola Food Cream
Clarke's Medicine
Clynol Berries
Cockburn's Pills
Cogene Tablets
Collis Browre's (Dr.) Chloroeyne
Condy's Remedial Fluid
Constrpon Laxatives
Ceimo Tablets
Celunox Tablets
Collosol Gold Sulphid
Colofine
Corpus Luteum 'Aseitules'
Corpus Luteum & Mammary 'Palatinoids'
California Syrup fo Figs
Cryognine Catches & Tablets
Chemo Maltcalracreem
Carboxyl
Children Tonic
Casinone
Caliper including raising in the She etc., Complete alevator
Cream of Jujol
Curacho Emoraction
Cuticura Ointment
Chocolates Cotton Wool Cawtex Cold Creams
Cloth
Chardox Super Activated Charcoal
Chililine Ciofa Tablets
Cotton Wash

Casydril
Capsules Gelatine
Crebe Badage
Cusi Resolvent
Cocline
Carter's Little Liver Pills
Cas Ell,s (D.R.) Instant Relief
Castellan Children's Cough Mixture
Castols
Collosol Cuprum Solution
Collunovar Cullutoire
Cerebri in Palationoides
Calcium C.D. Inga Syrup/Tablets
Cal-D-Rubra with Iron
Calci Lysin
Cibzol Thrat Paint
Collofac
Cod Liver Oil (By James Co, Kepler's)
Clarke's Salve
Clarke's Skin Lotion
Cloister Neabal Tea
Cockburn's Balsam
Cockles Antibilous Pills
Cole's Family Ointment
Compericum
Congreve's Elixir
Couttis Acetic Acid
Celunox Ointment
Cethos Powders
Collosol Mercury Sulphide Solution
Conotramine Pessaries
Corpus Luteum 'Palatinoids'
Cotarine Hydrochloride 'Palatiooids'
Carmarole Compound \\
Cyclospasmoi Forte Tablets
Corpora Leu Ampltes
Cusi Denmoze
Crooks Emulsion
Chempho Feppon
Calsiloids Tablets
Calvox Ointment
Chpaln Tonic
Curicones
Cystex Tablets
Coconut Hair Oil
Cotton Boric
Carwant Lotion
Cephos Tablets
Chardox Tablets
Ch Coloids
Clarke's Blood Mixture
Carica Tablets
Calogen
Completone
Charim Tablets
Calavix Cream
Caicieshlin

Carapeptic Paints
Creamalin
Cadimalt
Carbo Citra
Corn Cure
Collo Calcium
Caifason
Cologne Water
Caripeitic Liquid
Chronalgicin
Calso-Bec
Cytamen
Carnigen Drops
Chem Tonic
Compound Hevimin with Polic Acid
Carica-Leptol with B Complex
Calci Lacto
Cream
Chewing Gum, Jyrothricine
Citro-Lemon
Coll-Cal-d-El ir/Tablets
Colossal Iwche
Cylinder (Oxygen)
C.H.O.
Corpora Lutex Capsules
Calzana
Cutiract
Casvac/Cas-E-Vac.
Carnigen Drops
Chem Digestin
Chemotone
Carica-Leptol
Crook's VD

D

Durol/Liquid
Dustina Powder/Antiseptic
Decholine
Dressing, Surgical
Digestive Syrup
Dagra Honey Syrup
Diabetox
O.K. Salt
Duphasol Vit-D-/-3/VIT
Dinosignatol Chesedon
Dextranil-D
Danish Ointment
Dentol Toothache Powder
Digestif Rennies Tablets
Ointment & Suppositories
Dehydronmise & Rosterone Tablets
Daya Mineral
Duodenin (Palatinoids)
Daisy Powders
Damaroids Tablets
D.C.L. Vitamin B Yeast Tablets

D.D.D. Prescription
Deokin's Inflammation Remedy
Dettolin Gargle
De Witt's Cotarrhal Cream
De Witt's Little Laxative Pills
Diotex Tablets
Dinneford's Magnesia Tablets
Dinneford's Pure Fluid Magnesia
Dodd's Kidney Pills
Dol's Voltalise Rub
Dextrosol
Deschiens Syrup Hemoglobine
D.D.D. Lotion
Dandruff Lotion, Crooks
Ducogen
Digest
Digesol
Dusent
Deimor
Diaphregin Jelly
Diporosin
Dupharsol
Diorcin Cream
Decomalt
Delvit Liquid
Deschln's Syrup of Haemoglobin Degalan
C Vit. B-12
Delbiase Tablets
Digestin
Duodenin Tablets
Daisy Tablets
Davis's (Dr.) Famous Femable Pills
D.D.D. Baim
Dekin's Lung Healer
Dettol Ointment
De Witt's Antacid Powder
De Witt's Kidney & Bladder Pills
Digestif Rennies Tablets
Doan's Ointment
Dicey's Dr. Batemen's Drops
Doan's Backache & Kidney Pills
Do-Do Tablets
Druy's Infant's Preservative
Depil
Deschiens Syrup Hepathemo
Detensyl Tablets Vegeto-polyhor